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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/605,077	09/07/2003	Chien-Sheng Yang	ADTP0119USA	2076
27765 7590 11/08/2007 NORTH AMERICA INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY CORPORATION P.O. BOX 506			EXAMINER	
			CALEY, MICHAEL H	
MERRIFIELD, VA 22116			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2871	
		•	NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
•	•		11/08/2007	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/605,077	YANG, CHIEN-SHENG				
· Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Michael H. Caley	2871				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time  rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from to  cause the application to become ABANDONED	I.  lely filed  the mailing date of this communication.  D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
Responsive to communication(s) filed on  2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☑ This  3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowan closed in accordance with the practice under <i>E</i> .	action is non-final. ace except for formal matters, pro					
Disposition of Claims						
4)  Claim(s) 1-5 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5)  Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6)  Claim(s) 1-5 is/are rejected. 7)  Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8)  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or						
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on <u>07 September 2003</u> is/a Applicant may not request that any objection to the of Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction to the original transfer of the correction of the original transfer of the correction of the correction of the original transfer of the correction of the original transfer of the correction of t	re: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ object drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) △ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  a) △ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:  1. △ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.  2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No  3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary ( Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:	te				

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## DETAILED ACTION

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 1 and 2 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Okuzono et al. (U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2001/0043178 "Okuzono").

Regarding claims 1 and 2, Okuzono discloses a method for manufacturing a thin film transistor liquid crystal display comprising:

a panel (Figure 1 element 104);

a plurality of display cells (5), each display cell having at least a thin film transistor (100);

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a timing control circuit (8) for generating a timing signal (DCK, SP, VCK, VOE); and

a plurality of logic circuits (7 and 9) for controlling operations of the display cells according to the timing signal;

the method comprising:

forming the plurality of display cells in the panel (Figure 1);

forming the plurality of logic circuits in the panel (Figure 1); and

determining a location in the panel for forming the timing control circuit so as to make differences among delay time intervals of the timing signals transmitted to the logic circuits less than 1000 microseconds, and forming the timing control circuit accordingly (Page 5 [0058]).

Okuzono fails to discloses the thin film transistor as a polysilicon thin film transistor.

Uehara, however, teaches a polysilicon thin film transistor as advantageous to increase operating speed and aperture ratio and to decrease manufacturing cost (Column 1 lines 32-48).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to form the thin film transistor disclosed by Okuzono as a polysilicon thin film transistor. One would have been motivated to form the transistor as a polysilicon thin film transistor to benefit from an increased operating speed and aperture ratio and to decrease manufacturing cost (Column 1 lines 32-48).

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Claims 3-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Okuzono in view of Uehara and in further view of Kim (U.S. Patent No. 5,808,596).

Regarding claims 3 and 4, Uehara discloses a plurality of scan lines (102) and data lines (103) connected to the display cells and a scan line driving circuit (106) connected to the plurality of scan lines and a data line driving circuit (106) connected to the plurality of data lines. Uehara fails to disclose first and second data line driving circuits in which data lines of the first and second driving circuits being arranged alternately. Kim, however, teaches such an alternate arrangement (Figure 1 elements 300, 310; abstract).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to form first and second data line driving circuits in which data lines of the first and second driving circuits are arranged alternately. One would have been motivated to form the driving circuits and data lines in such a manner to improve the resolution of the display.

Regarding claim 5, Uehara fails to disclose an interface circuit for receiving and transmitting an image signal such that the display cells operate according to the image signal. Kim, however, teaches such an interface circuit (Figure 1 element 500; abstract).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to form an interface circuit as taught by Kim in the display disclosed by Uehara. One would have been motivated to add such an interface circuit as a means driving the second data line driver to improve the resolution of the display (Kim: abstract).

## **Contact Information**

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael H. Caley whose telephone number is (571) 272-2286. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:30 a.m. - 5:00 p.m..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David C. Nelms can be reached on (571) 272-1787. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Michael H. Caley

November 2007